

Stephanie Wynn, P.E.

Alabama Department of Transportation
Bureau of Materials and Tests
Assistant Geotechnical Engineer



SO WHAT IS DIGGS

- Data Interchange for Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Specialists
- Data Transfer Protocol
- Not a Database
- https://www.geoinstitute.org/special-projects/diggs

WHAT IS A DATABASE

 Database – a usually large collection of data organized especially for rapid search and retrieval (as by a computer)

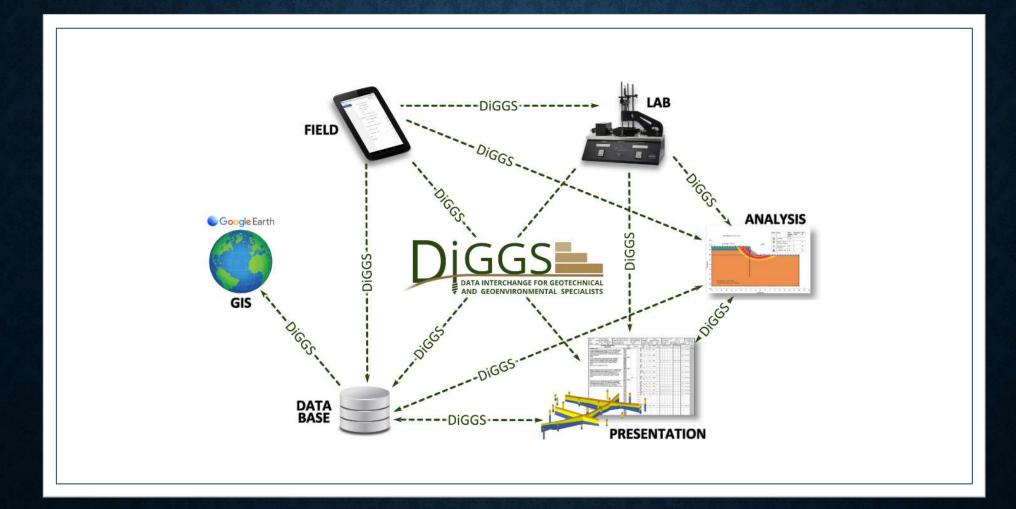
WHERE DOES OUR INFORMATION COME FROM





Atterberg Limits	Lab	includes both Fall Cone and Casagrande test for liquid limits
Driven Penetration test	ln situ	includes SPT and other hammer-based penetration tests
Particle Size	Lab	includes both sieve and hydrometer tests
Chemical tests	Lab	
Compaction	Lab	includes Proctor, Modified Proctor, Porter Static, California Test 216
Density	Lab	
Photolonization Detector test	Lab	
Specific Gravity	Lab	
Shrinkage Limit	Lab	
Static Cone Penetration test	ln situ	e.g., CPT
Water Content	Lab	
Wireline logs	In situ	includes any kind of downhole sensors, including suspension velocity logs

- Current tests vetted and ready for use/adoption
- Future inclusions include:
 - Several Aggregate tests
 - Compressive Strength
 - Consolidation
 - Triaxial Tests
 - Other Insitu and Lab tests



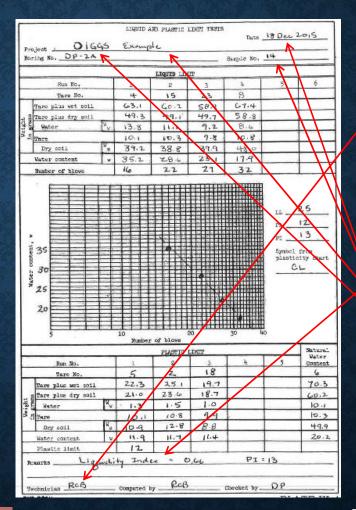
SO AGAIN... WHAT IS DIGGS

- XML Schema Definition (XSD)
- Dictionaries defining controlled terms and coordinate systems, and business rules
- Data transfer as XML (structured text) that follows the DIGGS rules
 - Everyone knows how to read it
- Basically the same language web pages are written in

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
   @<Diggs xmlns="http://diggsml.org/schemas/2.0.b" xmlns:diggs="http://diggs</pre>
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xlink="http:/
     xmlns:gml="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.2" xmlns:g3.3="http://www.opengi
    xmlns:glr="http://www.opengis.net/gml/3.3/lr" xmlns:glrov="http://www.ope
    xmlns:diggs geo="http://diggsml.org/schemas/2.0.b/geotechnical" xmlns:wit
    http://www.witsml.org/schemas/131" xsi:schemaLocation="http://diggsml.org
    http://diggsml.org/schemas/2.0.b/Complete.xsd" gml:id="bcd">
      <documentInformation>
        <DocumentInformation qml:id="d1">
          <creationDate>2019-01-30</creationDate>
 6
          <effectiveDate>2019-01-30</effectiveDate>
          <authorRef/>
          <author>WSP</author>
          <sourceSoftware>
10
            <SoftwareApplication gml:id="diggit">
11
              <gml:name>DiggIT v1.0
            </SoftwareApplication>
          </sourceSoftware>
14
        </DocumentInformation>
      </documentInformation>
16
        <Project gml:id="123">
18
          <qml:name>Test Project
19
          <contract>
20
            <Contract gml:id="contract">
              <qml:name>c-123</qml:name>
              <cli>ent>Client 3</client>
23
              <contractor>Contractor name</contractor>
24
            </Contract>
25
          </contract>
26
        </Project>
      </project>
28
      <samplingFeature>
29
        <Borehole gml:id="B-1">
          <gml:name codeSpace="usgs">urn:diggs:def:fi:USGS:B-1
          cprojectRef xlink:href="#p1"/>
           <referencePoint>
```

SO AGAIN... WHAT IS

- **DIGGS**Geography Markup Language (GML)
 - Data is tied to a location and the geometry of the feature
 - Elements are located in space
 - They don't have to be vertical or linear
- Extensible
 - We can add other things
 - Geophysics, Piles,
 Instruments, MWD, etc



```
<measurement>
    <Test gml:id="atterberg">
      <gml:name>Atterberg Limits Test/gml:name>
         <Role>
           <rolePerformed>Technician</rolePerformed>
           <businessAssociate>RCB/businessAssociate>
      </role>
      <role>
         <Role>
           <rolePerformed>Computed by</rolePerformed>
           <businessAssociate>RCB</businessAssociate>
         <Role>
           <rolePerformed>Checked by</rolePerformed>
          <businessAssociate>DP</businessAssociate>
      </role>
      <remark>
           <content>Liquidity Index = 0.66; PI = 13</content</pre>
      </remark>
      <investigationTarget>Natural
        Ground</investigationTarget>
      projectRef xlink:href=#DiggsExample"/>
      <relatedSamplingFeatureRef xlink:href="#DP-2A"/>
      <sampleRef xlink:href="#s14"/>
      <resultTime>
         <TimeInterval gml:id="t3">
           <start>2015-12-18</start>
        </TimeInterval>
      </resultTime>
      <outcome>
```

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CURRENT VENDOR ENGAGEMENT









Dataforensics









SEEQUENT



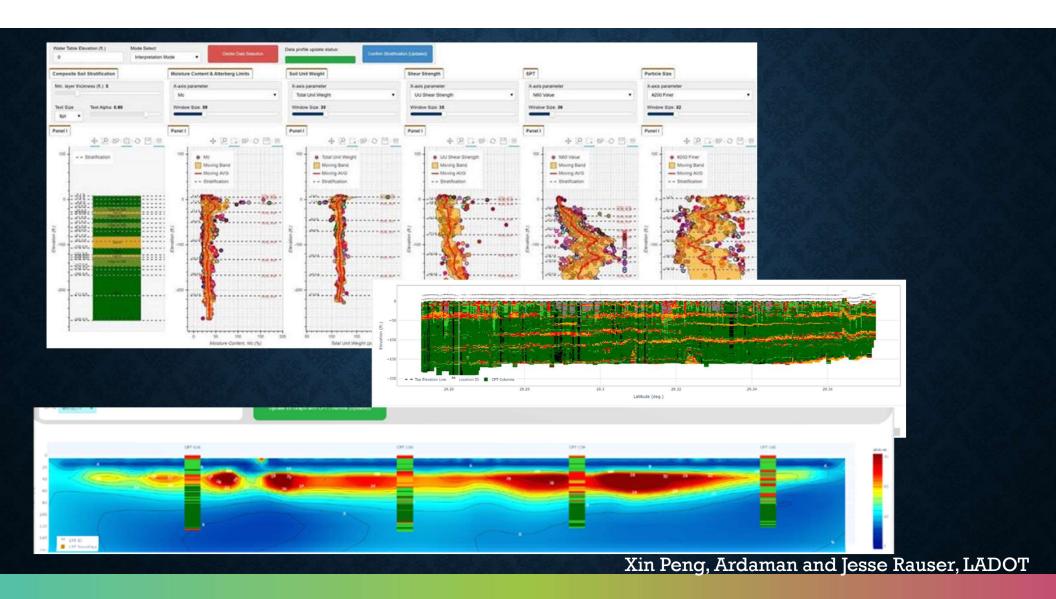




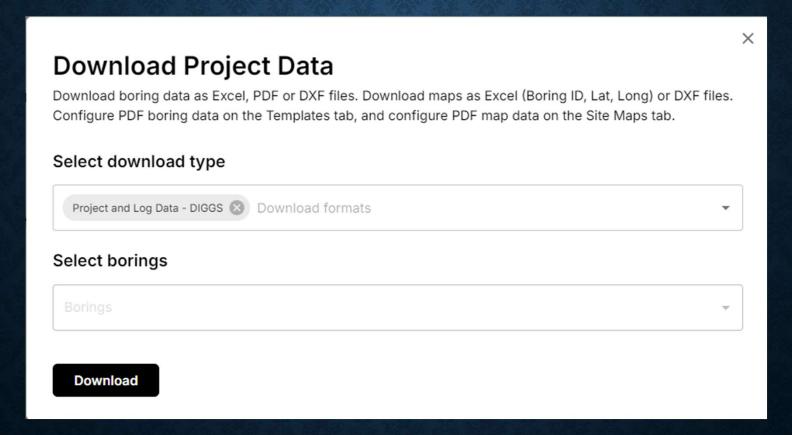
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DIGGS is not a Database DIGGS is not a scheme to collect and share data

- Select groupings of explorations
- Plot moisture, unit weight, shear strength, N-values, fines content, etc. with depth
- Develop tools to provide the statistics of the data
- Present a suggested stratigraphy
- Delete outliers and see the impact



EXPORTING DIGGS DATA



IMPORTING DIGGS DATA

Upload

Bring data from gINT, Excel, KML, and other file formats into your BoreDM projects

Upload View Mappings

Step 1

Upload a gINT (.gpj), Excel (.xlsx or .csv), or Google Earth (.kml or .kmz) file



Click to select a file

DIGGS Upload

Nice work uploading a DIGGS file! Would you like to select more DIGGS files to upload as a batch?

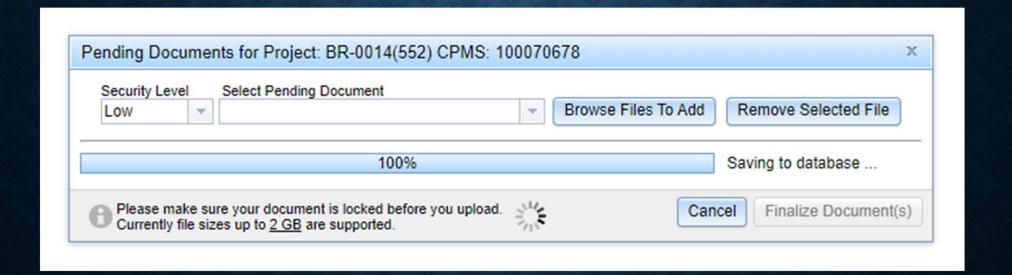
- Just this file
- O Batch upload multiple DIGGS files

Next

X

Next

IMPORT DIGGS INTO GEOGIS



I HOPE YOU CAN TELL SOMEONE WHAT DIGGS IS NOW

Special Thank You to Allen Cadden with Schnabel Engineering

Thank You